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## Selected Problem Set 3

1. Suppose we have a square window with lower-left corner  $(0,0)$  and upper-left corner  $(10,10)$ . Clip the segment defined by endpoints  $(-1,0)$  and  $(15,13)$  using Cohen-Sutherland's algorithm. Show your calculations.

*We encode both segment endpoints as per the algorithm. The code for  $P_1=(-1,0,0)$  is 0001, and 1010 for  $P_2=(15,13)$ . Point  $P_1$  is thus outside and to the left. We compute the intersection of the segment with  $x=X_{min}$ , as per the notes, and the clipped point is obtained as  $(0,13/16)$ . Re-encoding the point shows that it is clipped correctly. Point  $P_2$  is outside and to the right. Hence, we compute the intersection of the segment with  $y=Y_{max}$ . Re-encoding this point shows it is still outside the window. We then compute the segment intersection with  $x=X_{max}$  as per the notes, to obtain  $(10,8+\frac{15}{16})$ . Re-encoding shows this point is clipped correctly.*

2. Clip the same segment against the same window this time using Liang-Barsky's algorithm. Show your calculations.

*$(p_1, p_2, p_3, p_4) = (-16, 16, -13, 13)$   $(q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4) = (-1, 11, 0, 10)$ . For  $p_k < 0$ :  $\max\{0, 1/16, 0\} = 1/16$  and  $u_1 = 1/16$ . For  $p_k > 0$ :  $\min\{1, 11/16, 10/13\} = 11/16$  and  $u_2 = 11/16$ . Using  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  into the equation of the clipped segment, we obtain  $(0, 13/16)$  and  $(10, 8+\frac{15}{16})$ .*

3. Clip the same segment against the same window this time using the Midpoint Division method. Show your calculations.

*This question is not part of the examination material.*

4. Write an algorithm that performs Raster-Scan polygon filling for any type of 2D polygon.

*Two such algorithms are found in the notes.*

5. Write the Midpoint Division method algorithm in a recursive manner.

*This question is not part of the examination material.*