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- The goal, again, is to map samples to a lower dimensional space s.t. inter-sample distances are preserved as much as possible
- Kohonen maps produce a mapping from multidimensional input onto a 1D or 2D grid of nodes (neurons)
- This mapping is topology preserving, that is similar samples are mapped to nearby neurons
- Kohonen maps learn without teacher
- Kohonen maps have connection to biology
 - Similar perception input lead to excitation in nearby parts of the brain









