

**Conditional Density Function: Continuous RV** 

• Define conditional density function of **X** given Y=yby  $p(x/y) = \frac{p(x,y)}{p(x,y)}$ 

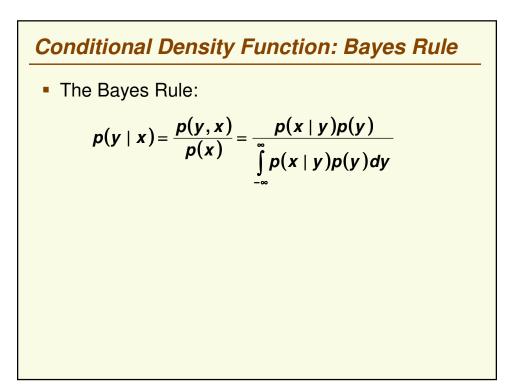
$$p(x | y) = \frac{p(x, y)}{p(y)}$$
  
y is fixed

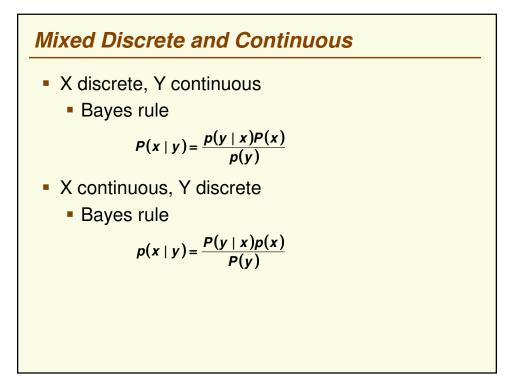
• This is a probability density function because:

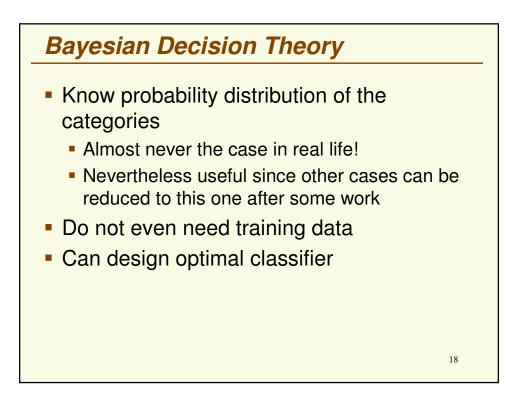
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x \mid y) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{p(x, y)}{p(y)} dx = \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x, y) dx}{p(y)} = \frac{p(y)}{p(y)} = 1$$

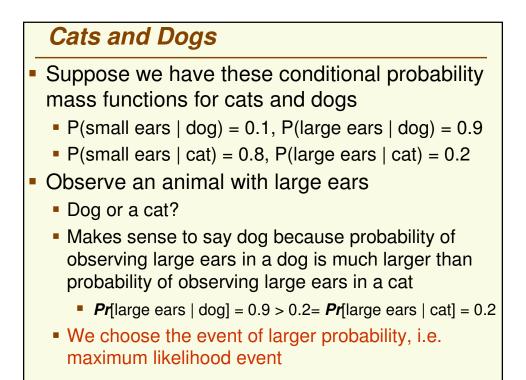
• The law of Total Probability:

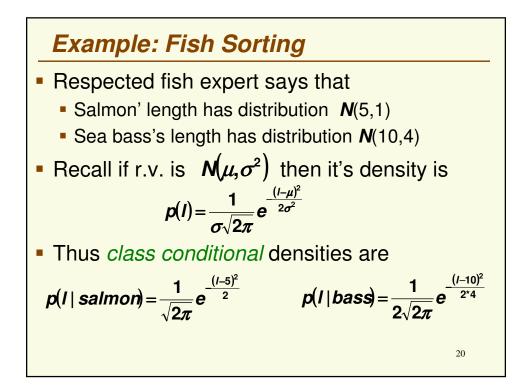
$$p(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x, y) \, dy = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x \mid y) p(y) \, dy$$

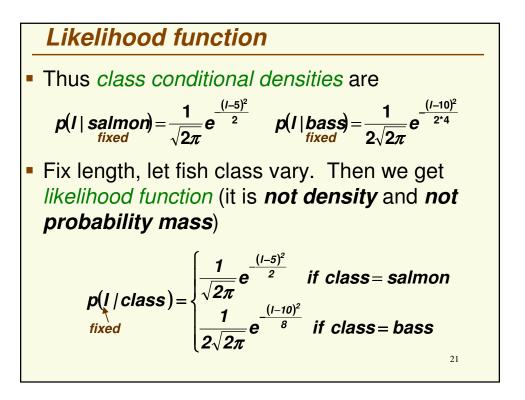


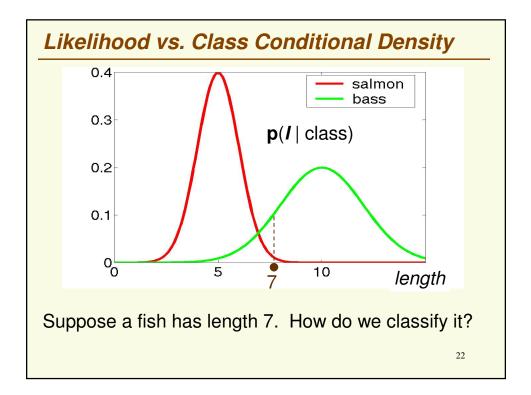


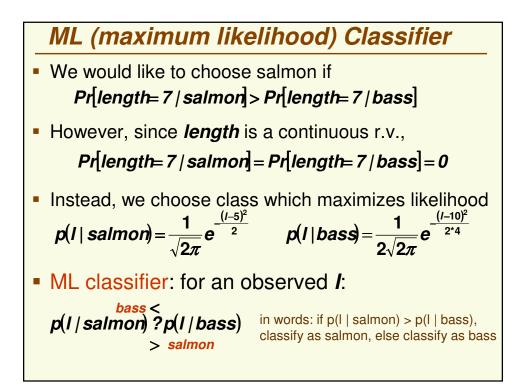


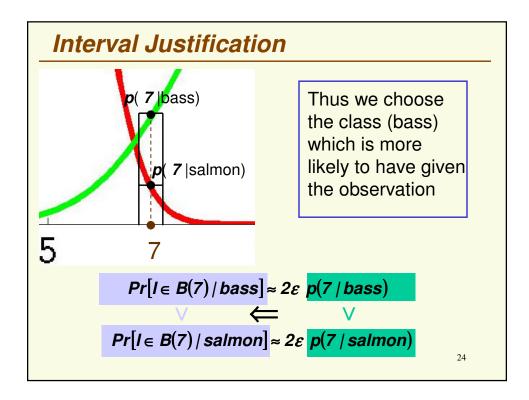


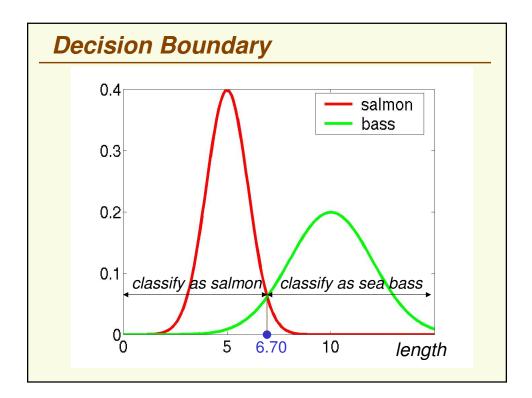


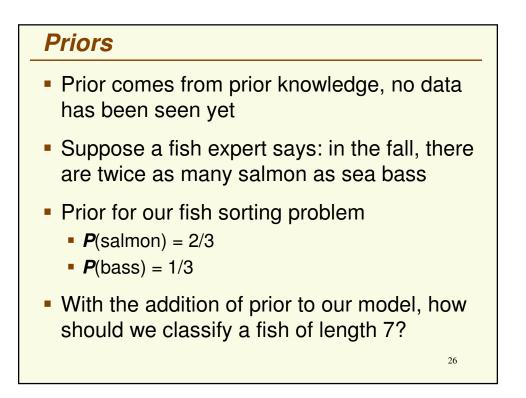


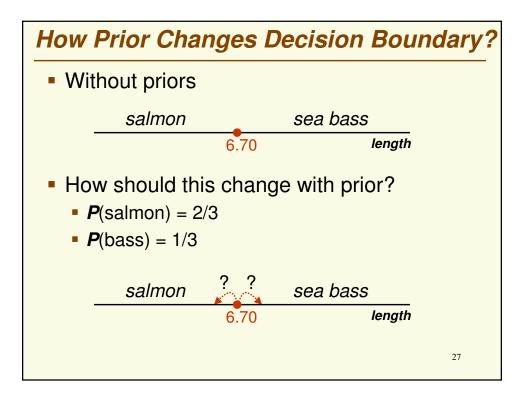


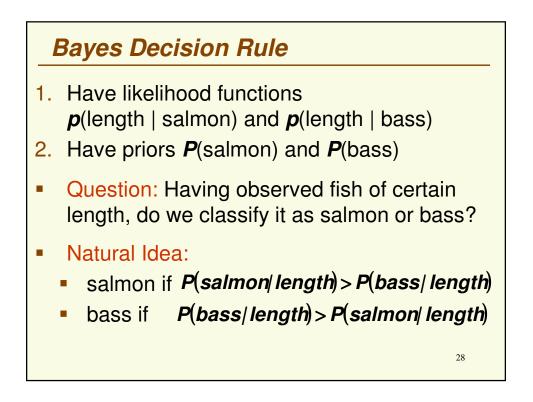


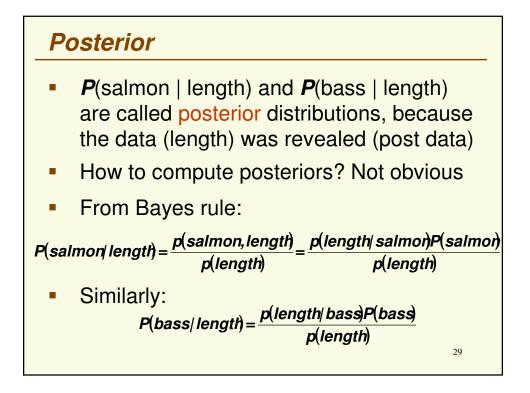


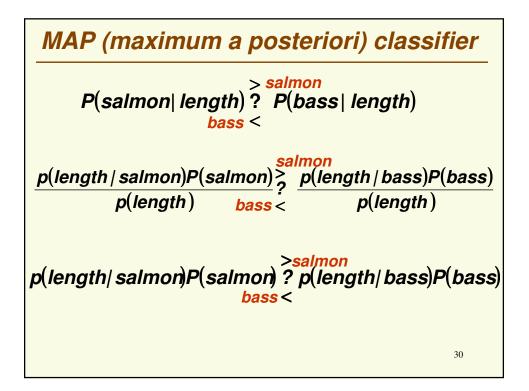


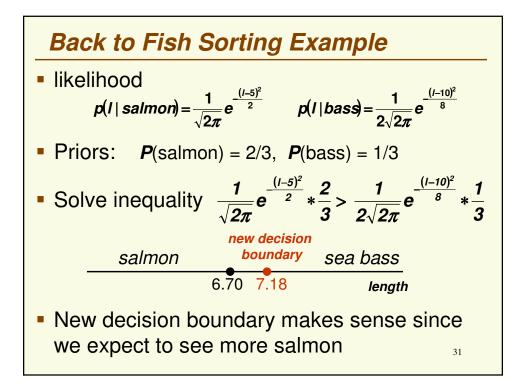


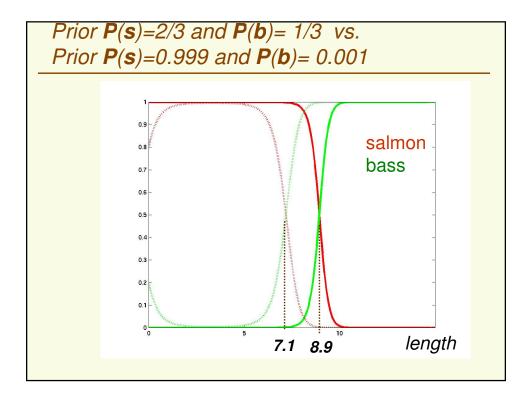


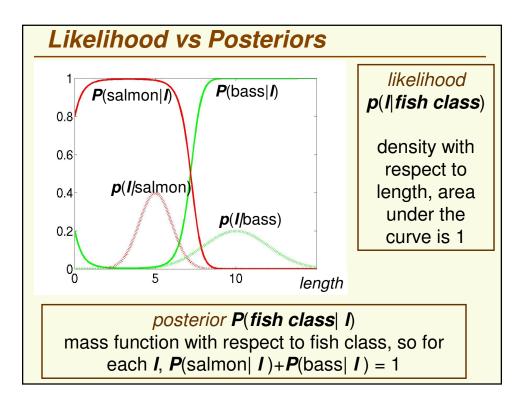


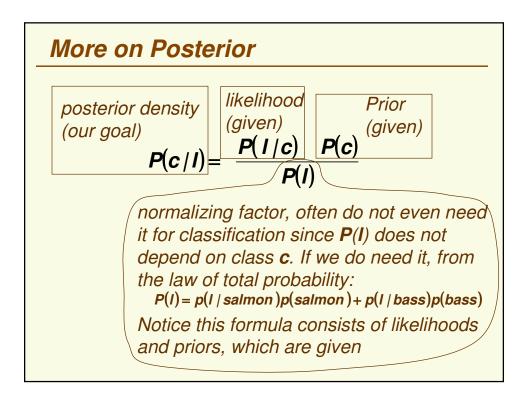


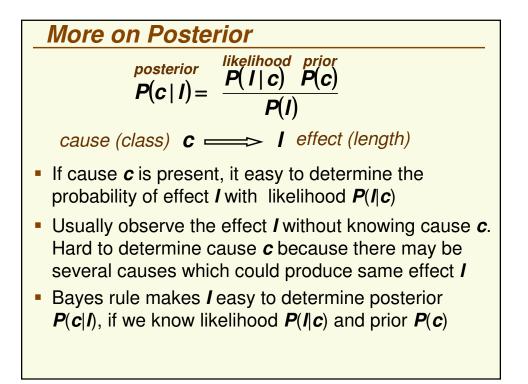


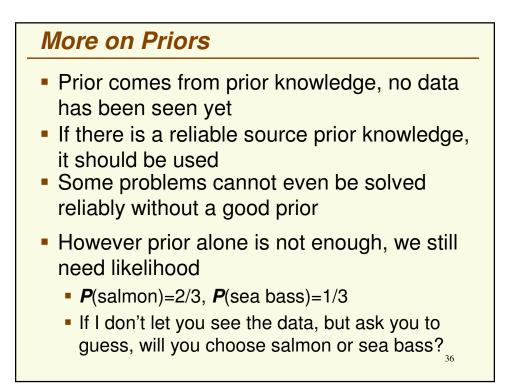


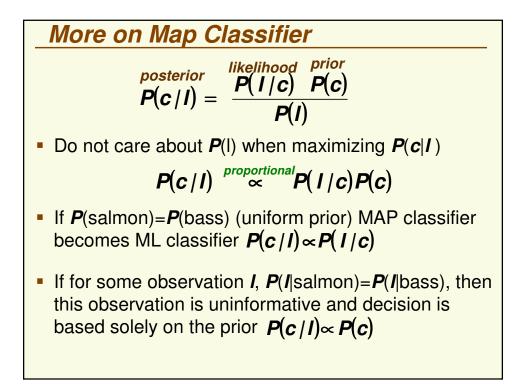


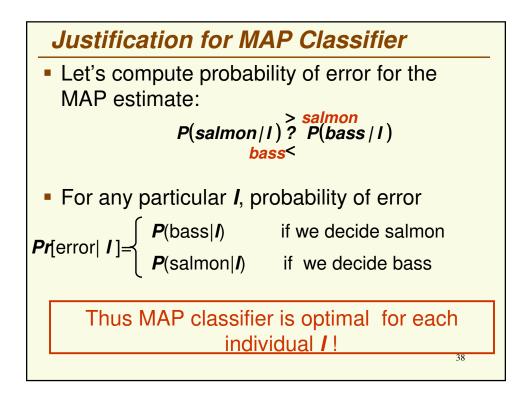


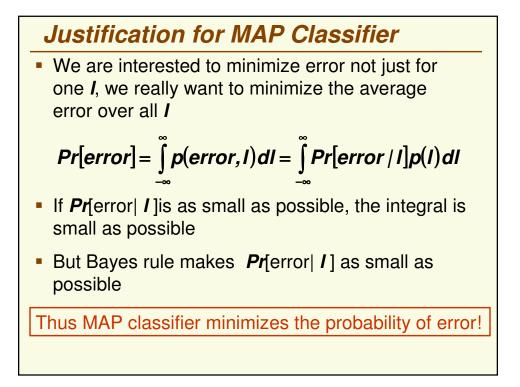


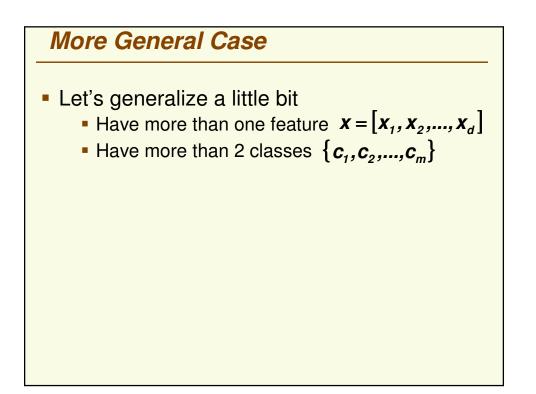


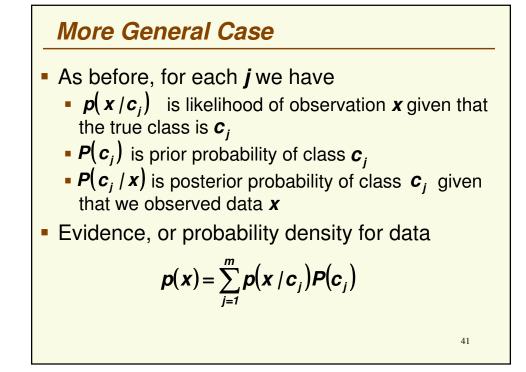


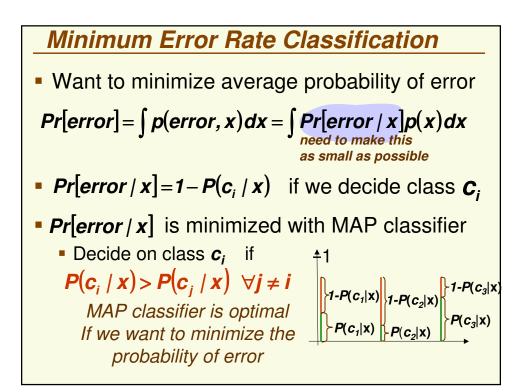


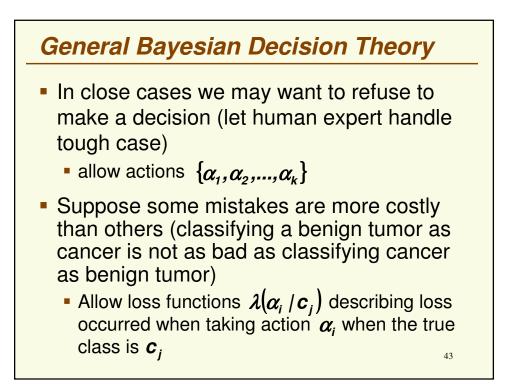


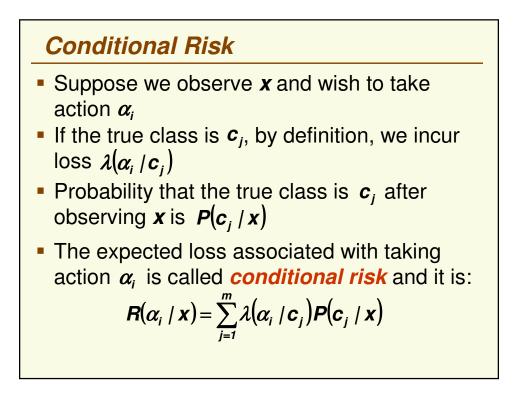


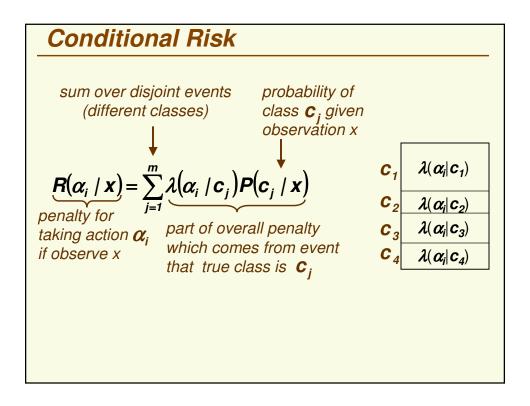


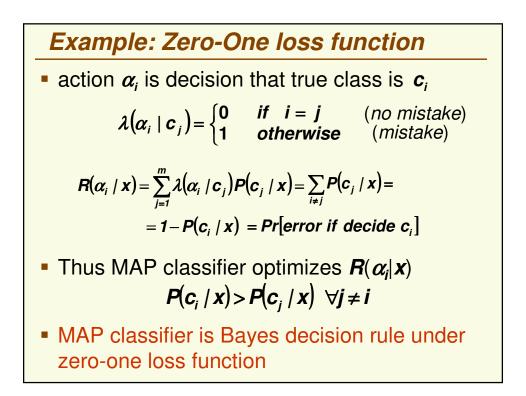


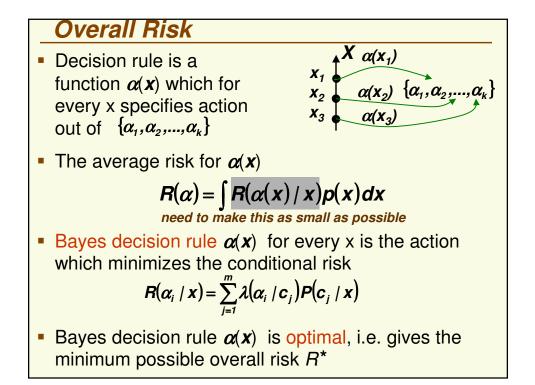


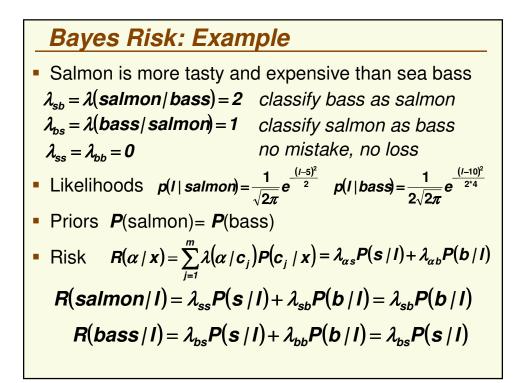


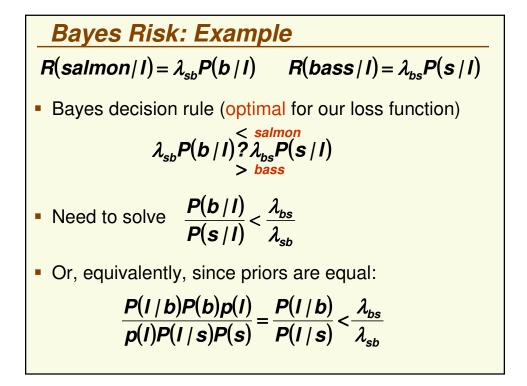


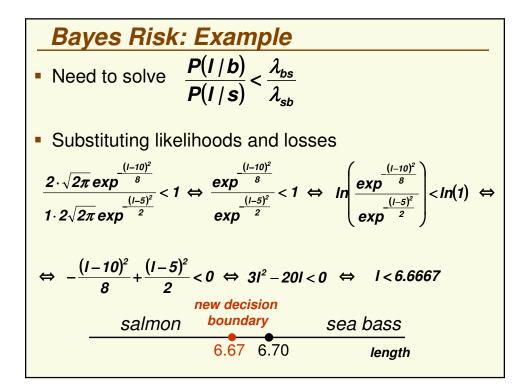


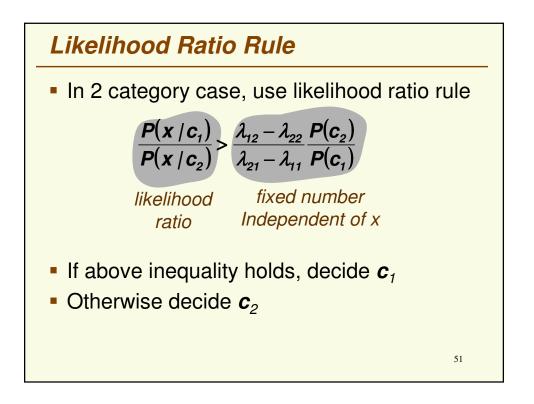


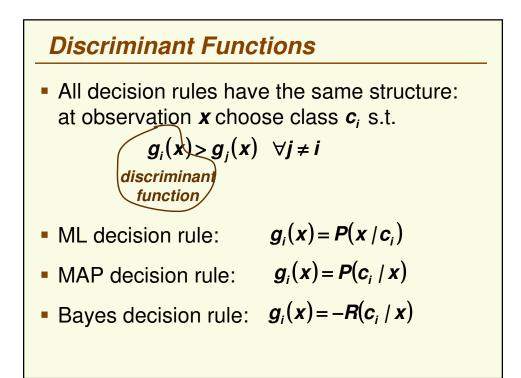


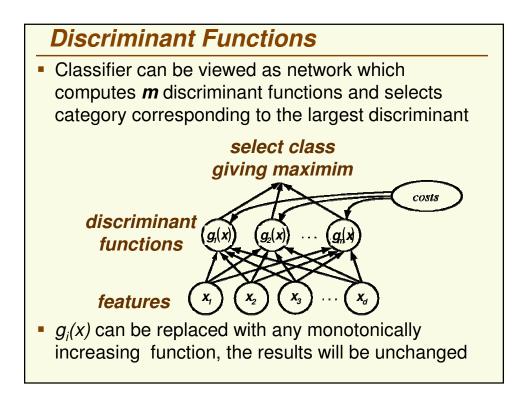


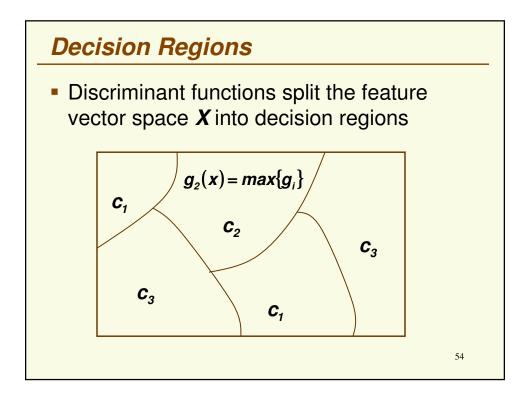












## **Important Points**

- If we know probability distributions for the classes, we can design the optimal classifier
- Definition of "optimal" depends on the chosen loss function
  - Under the minimum error rate (zero-one loss function
    - No prior: ML classifier is optimal
    - Have prior: MAP classifier is optimal
  - More general loss function
    - General Bayes classifier is optimal

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